

C++ Programming for Non-C Programmers

Duration: 5 days (*Face-to-Face & Remote-Live*), or 35 Hours (*On-Demand*)

Price: CDN\$3,275 (*Face-to-Face & Remote-Live*), or CDN\$1,995 (*On-Demand*)

Discounts: We offer multiple discount options. [Click here](#) for more info.

Delivery Options: Attend face-to-face in the classroom, [remote-live](#) or [on-demand training](#).

Students Will Learn

- Defining variables and building expressions using the variety of data types available in C/C++
- Using the control structures available in C/C++
- Defining functions with/without parameters and call those functions
- Using pointer syntax and understand the purpose of pointers
- Writing procedural programs using C++
- Using `private`, `public` and `protected` keywords to control access to class members
- Defining a class in C++
- Writing constructors and destructors
- Writing classes with `const` and `static` class members
- Overloading operators
- Implementing polymorphic methods in programs
- Writing programs using file I/O and string streams
- Using manipulators and stream flags to format output
- Using the keyword `template` to write generic functions and classes
- Writing programs that use generic classes and functions
- Writing programs that use algorithms and containers of the Standard Library
- Using algorithms and containers of the Standard Library to manipulate string data
- Using `try()` blocks to trap exceptions
- Using `catch()` blocks to handle exceptions
- Defining exceptions and using `throw` to trigger them

Course Description

This hands on C++ programming course provides an accelerated introduction to the most essential syntactical components of the C and C++ languages on the first day, prior to four days of focus on object-oriented programming with C++. The course begins by introducing the built in data types, fundamental control constructs, and rich expression operator

repertoire common to both C and C+.

The central concepts of C++ syntax and style are taught in the context of using object-oriented methods to achieve reusability, adaptability and reliability. Emphasis is placed on the features of C++ that support abstract data types, inheritance, and polymorphism. Students will learn to apply the process of data abstraction and class design. Practical aspects of C++ programming including efficiency, performance, testing, and reliability considerations are stressed throughout. Comprehensive hands on exercises are integrated throughout to reinforce learning and develop real competency.

Students who are already familiar with C language syntax may want to take the 4-day [C++ Programming for C Programmers](#) course instead.

Course Prerequisites

Prior programming experience.

Course Overview

ANSI C++ Fundamentals

- Block Structure of C and C++ Programs
- Fundamentals of Syntax
- Built in Data Types
- The Preprocessor and Macros
- Standard Runtime Libraries and Header Files

Operators and Expressions

- Arithmetic, Logical, and Bit Operators
- Precedence and Associativity
- Assignment
- Type Conversion Rules
- Type Casting

Pointers

- Advantages of Pointers
- Uses of Pointers
- Declaring Pointers
- Pointer and Address Arithmetic
- Initializing and Dereferencing Pointers
- Pointers vs. Arrays

Moving from C to C++

- New Compiler Directives
- Stream Console I/O
- Explicit Operators
- Standard Libraries
- Data Control Capabilities

Data Types, Storage, Classes, and Scope

- Data Types and Qualifiers
- Constants and String Literals
- Static versus Automatic Storage
- Scope and Variables
- Initialization Rules

Flow Control Constructs

- Conditional Constructs: `if`, `switch`
- Looping Constructs: `while`, `do`, `for`
- Programming Style

Functions

- Purpose of Functions
- Functions versus Inlining
- The Argument Stack
- Passing by Value
- Passing by Reference
- Declaring External Functions
- Function Prototyping

Handling Data

- New Declaration Features
- Initialization and Assignment
- Enumerated Types
- The `bool` Type
- Constant Storage

- Pointers to Constant Storage
- Constant Pointers
- References
- Constant Reference Arguments
- Volatile Data
- Global Data

Functions

- Function Prototypes and Type Checking
- Default Function Data Types
- Function Overloading
- Problems with Function Overloading
- Name Resolution
- Promotions and Conversions
- Call by Value
- Reference Declarations
- Call-by-Reference and Reference Types
- References in Function Return
- Constant Argument Types
- Conversion of Parameters Using Default Initializers
- Providing Default Arguments
- Inline Functions

Dynamic Memory Management

- Advantages of Dynamic Memory Allocation
- Static, Automatic, and Heap Memory
- Free Store Allocation with new and delete
- Handling Memory Allocation Errors

Inheritance

- Inheritance and Reuse
- Composition vs. Inheritance
- Inheritance: Centralized Code
- Inheritance: Maintenance and Revision
 - Public, Private and Protected Members
 - Redefining Behavior in Derived Classes
 - Designing Extensible Software Systems
- Syntax for Public Inheritance
- Use of Common Pointers
- Constructors and Initialization
- Inherited Copy Constructors
- Destructors and Inheritance
- Public, Protected, Private Inheritance

Creating and Using Objects

- Creating Automatic Objects
- Creating Dynamic Objects
- Calling Object Methods
- Constructors
- Initializing Member consts
- Initializer List Syntax
- Allocating Resources in Constructor
- Destructors
- Block and Function Scope
- File and Global Scope
- Class Scope
- Scope Resolution Operator ::
- Using Objects as Arguments
- Objects as Function Return Values
- Constant Methods
- Containment Relationships

Controlling Object Creation

- Object Copying and Copy Constructor
- Automatic Copy Constructor
- Conversion Constructor

Streaming I/O

- Streams and the `iostream` Library
- Built-in Stream Objects
- Stream Manipulators
- Stream Methods
- Input/Output Operators
- Character Input
- String Streams
- Formatted I/O
- File Stream I/O
- Overloading Stream Operators
- Persistent Objects

Introduction to Object Concepts

- The Object Programming Paradigm
- Object-Oriented Programming Definitions
- Information Hiding and Encapsulation
- Separating Interface and Implementation
- Classes and Instances of Objects
- Overloaded Objects and Polymorphism

Strings in C++

- Character Strings
- The String Class
- Operators on Strings
- Member Functions of the String Class

C++ Program Structure

- Organizing C++ Source Files
- Integrating C and C++ Projects
- Using C in C++

Polymorphism in C++

- Definition of Polymorphism
- Calling Overridden Methods
- Upcasting
- Accessing Overridden Methods
- Virtual Methods and Dynamic Binding
- Virtual Destructors
- Abstract Base Classes and Pure Virtual Methods

Declaring and Defining Classes

- Components of a Class
- Class Structure
- Class Declaration Syntax
- Member Data
- Built-in Operations
- Constructors and Initialization
- Initialization vs. Assignment
- Class Type Members
- Member Functions and Member Accessibility
- Inline Member Functions
- Friend Functions
- Static Members
- Modifying Access with a Friend Class

The Standard Template Library

Templates

- Purpose of Template Classes
- Constants in Templates
- Templates and Inheritance
- Container Classes
- Use of Libraries

Exceptions

- Types of Exceptions
- Trapping and Handling Exceptions
- Triggering Exceptions
- Handling Memory Allocation Errors

Reliability Considerations in C++ Projects

- Function Prototypes
- Strong Type Checking
- Constant Types
- C++ Access Control Techniques

Multiple Inheritance

- Derivation from Multiple Base Classes
- Base Class Ambiguities
- Virtual Inheritance
 - Virtual Base Classes
 - Virtual Base Class Information

Operator Overloading

- Advantages and Pitfalls of Overloading
- Member Operator Syntax and Examples
- Class Assignment Operators
- Class Equality Operators
- Non-Member Operator Overloading
- Member and Non-Member Operator Functions
- Operator Precedence
- The this Pointer
- Overloading the Assignment Operator
- Overloading Caveats

- STL Containers
- Parameters Used in Container Classes
- The Vector Class
- STL Algorithms
- Use of Libraries

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